Morning Oregonian.

VOL. 25.—NO. 8020. PORTLAND, OREGON, MONDAY, JANUARY 25, 1886. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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Dr. [illegible] Wright Block, Cincinnati, O., says: "I have used Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh in the Worst Form, and it did not relieve at once.—Andrew Jackson, Wareham, Mass.

SOZODONT

Scrofula Clings.

In most cases a spell of fever or the forbidden fruit starts it with a mighty grip. Spring fever, boils, pimples, sore throat, ulcers, rheumatism, and all the long list of skin diseases, are the children of scrofula. Don't be deceived by the doctors who tell you that you can't have scrofula if you never had it before. Scrofula is hereditary, and it may lie dormant for years. Then it comes out in some form or other. Sometimes it is a cough that hangs on and on, and finally ends in consumption. Sometimes it is a little humor that you think you can cure with a box of pills. Sometimes it is a run-down feeling that you imagine a change of climate will cure. Sometimes it is a case of rheumatism that you are sure will yield to liniments. Sometimes it is a case of kidney disease that you are sure will disappear with a few bottles of kidney cure. Sometimes it is a case of dyspepsia that you are sure will vanish with a few boxes of pills. Sometimes it is a case of nervousness that you are sure will pass away with a few nights of sleep. Sometimes it is a case of impure blood that you are sure will be purified by a few bottles of sarsaparilla. Sometimes it is a case of debility that you are sure will be overcome by a few bottles of tonic. Sometimes it is a case of piles that you are sure will be cured by a few applications of ointment. Sometimes it is a case of catarrh that you are sure will be relieved by a few doses of inhaler. Sometimes it is a case of deafness that you are sure will be relieved by a few drops of oil. Sometimes it is a case of sore eyes that you are sure will be relieved by a few drops of lotion. Sometimes it is a case of weak lungs that you are sure will be relieved by a few drops of cough syrup. Sometimes it is a case of bad blood that you are sure will be relieved by a few bottles of blood purifier. Sometimes it is a case of female weakness that you are sure will be relieved by a few bottles of female regulator. Sometimes it is a case of general debility that you are sure will be relieved by a few bottles of tonic. Sometimes it is a case of [illegible] that you are sure will be relieved by a few bottles of [illegible]

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, MONDAY, JAN 25, 1886.

POLITICAL ASPECTS OF PROHIBITION

Evidently the liquor question in Oregon is getting into a shape that promises to disarrange the calculations and plans of politicians who have been accustomed to count on "the straight party vote." The prohibitionists mean business. They have long been getting ready, in a quiet though earnest manner, to put the question directly before the people of Oregon for a vote. They propose an amendment of the constitution of the state, and have taken the preliminary steps to that end. At the last regular session the legislative assembly adopted a joint resolution to submit an amendment, or additional article, in these terms "The manufacture, sale, or the giving away or the offering to give away, or the keeping for sale, of any spirituous, vinous, malt, distilled, fermented, or any intoxicating liquors whatever, is prohibited in this state, except for medicinal, scientific or mechanical purposes," and further "The legislative assembly shall provide by law in what manner, by whom, and at what places such liquors, or any of them, shall be manufactured or sold, or kept for medicinal, scientific or mechanical purposes."

The resolution to submit this article was adopted in the senate by a vote of 18 to 8, four senators not voting, in the house, by 39 to 19, two representatives being absent. Of the eighteen senators voting for the resolution, seven were democrats; of the eight voting against it, four were republicans, of the four who did not vote, two were republicans and two were democrats. Of the thirty-nine representatives who voted for the resolution, twenty five were republicans and fourteen were democrats, of the nineteen who voted against it, ten were democrats. Of the two absentees of the house, one was a democrat and the other a republican. It will be seen from this statement that there was no significance in the division of the vote, as between the two parties, on the question.

The next effort will be to secure the passage of the resolution through the legislature at the next regular session, a year hence. If passed, it will then go to the people for a vote. In June this question will be at the front. The opponents of prohibition, and particularly those who are interested in the liquor trade, do not want to take the chance of submission of the question to a popular vote, and consequently they will make an effort to send men to the legislature who will decline to pass the resolution through that body again. On the other hand the supporters of prohibition will be on the alert to see that men pledged to vote for the resolution are sent to the legislature.

Some of the republican newspapers of the state are beginning to discuss the matter very earnestly. They assume that a majority of those who favor prohibition are adherents of the republican party and probably it is so. But they say the earnest republican prohibitionists, in many localities, can not be held to the party unless the party, through its conventions, shall declare distinctly for submission of the question of prohibition to the people. Unless probable the prohibitionists will make an effort to commit both parties, through their state conventions, to a pledge to submit the resolution for amendment of the constitution, but it is hardly likely they will succeed with either. Both parties will be wary, and would prefer a non-committal attitude, under dread of encountering the active opposition of the opponents of prohibition, and especially of all who are engaged in the liquor trade. But if either party announces for submission of the amendment it will probably be the republican party. Throughout all our Northern states the democratic party, as a party, opposes prohibition, and the national convention of that party, in 1884, put into the national platform a resolution against it. In the Southern states large numbers of democrats are prohibitionists, but they do not make prohibition there a party question. Should it be made a party question in Oregon, the first consequence would probably be defeat of the party that pronounced for it. Hence the party managers on both sides will try to keep clear of it.

But this will not satisfy the prohibitionists. They are resolved to press the amendment they have long been working at it with earnest purpose, and now, far from relaxing their effort, they mean to redouble it. The advantage already gained by passage of the resolution for the amendment through one legislature they intend to follow up by its passage through another, believing that, upon a general vote, the vote of the people of the rural districts will so far overcome that of the cities and towns as to fix prohibition in the constitution and once there they are satisfied that it never can be rescinded. Consequently, if they do not find either of the parties favorable to their present object—that of passing the resolution through the next legislature—they may be expected to bend all their energies to the organization of a prohibition party, naming a state ticket, and also county tickets, particularly in those localities where they fail to get assurance that the candidates for the legislature named by the two "regular" parties will vote for submission of the amendment. But very probably in many places they will choose between the candidates of the two parties, concentrating their votes upon such as they have best reason to think will favor their object.

The Roseburg *Plaindealer* (Rep.) gives up the leading editorial column of its last number to two articles, contributed by correspondents who undertake to tell what the republican party has to do to avert the danger of losing the prohibition element next June. One of the writers says:

> We must fight it with the reformative movements of the day. New issues are continually arising, we must not rest on the issues we have in the past. We must champion the peoples rights. A large and respectable portion of the people are demanding a change in the mode of regulating the liquor trade. It will not do for the republican party to disregard this demand. It is one of the vital issues of the day. Compared with it the silver or tariff questions are trivial. If this act were done the party would first find its old reformatory methods. If it turns a deaf ear to the demands of the people, it will die but if it will take up their cause the party will rally to its support. Will our party leaders see who unto salvation, or foolish unto death is the all absorbing question of the day. The republican party should advocate the final submission of the prohibitory constitutional amendment to the people. That will be to our rank to refuse it to take them.

The second letter bears the signature of W. F. Benjamin, who is well known as a republican politician in the southern part of the state. He says:

> The time is fast ripening a desire of a large portion of the people to change the management of affairs, with the ultimate object in view that prohibitory laws will be enforced. That murderous desire by their actions in various ways has aroused the fears of the law abiding, masses upon whom devolves the chief burden of the crime and in that event that they perceive the dealers are more in favor of the people's rights and opposing their Lion useless influence both in the way of increased taxes and maintaining the government public, it is owing interest. Hence a short sighted view of the worst sort. Thus the people are forced to resort to motives throughout their entire domestic affairs to reform this abject immoral traffic. The people demand a change, and it is their opportunity to be heard on the subject in their sovereign capacity. That is all that they ask now. They ask that the matter should not be forced by passed on to them in the only form for their approval they can act. We the republican party have the question to solve as to retain the support of the people it has so nobly maintained in the past how to do it remains. Will it meet the issues with that precision which has characterized its councils in the party past with it? I trust it will.

But we think it probable that the republican party will not take the position thus mapped out for it, since it contains many anti-prohibitionists, and will fear the probable consequence of uniting the whole liquor interest of the state against it,—at the same time failing to detach the prohibitionist democrats from their own party. The question will give both parties trouble in particular localities there will be hesitation on the part of both to meet it openly, and rapid increase of the vote cast for avowed prohibition candidates may be expected as one of the speedy results. The question will be very likely to take the same general course in Oregon that it has taken in many other states.

THE LAST CROP YEAR.

We do not regard the bureau of agriculture at Washington, as it has been managed, as a very great practical benefit to the farmers of the United States. What it might be if it were conducted in a different way we can only surmise, but up to the present time its chief work has been to record the results of farming by old and new methods as they have been operated, or brought about through other means. The function of an agricultural department, speaking ideally, is two-fold, first to pursue experiments where results may be of advantage to practical agriculturists and to introduce into the country improved products and methods from foreign countries, second, to compile information of interest or value to farmers. In this latter respect, the bureau at Washington is doing thorough and useful work. It has recently given to the public a very full crop report of last year and the figures are well worth studying. The cotton crop, it is claimed, will aggregate six and one-half million bales, worth in the hands of the planters about three hundred millions of dollars. The wheat crop of the year reaches 357,101,000 bushels, worth at the farmers' granaries $257,020,000. The crop of oats reached 809,250,000 bushels, worth $179,631,800. The great American crop, however, is corn, the production of which for 1885 reached the enormous total of 1,936,177,000 bushels, worth $635,074,856, or a round fifty millions more than the cotton and wheat crops. The combined value of the four crops above mentioned aggregates about fourteen hundred millions of dollars.

King Corn, it will be seen, has triumphed over king cotton and now holds the first place as one American agricultural product. Of the states that grew the big crops of corn Illinois stands first with a crop of 298,998,000 bushels, Iowa stands second on the list, with 242,400,000 bushels, Missouri third, with 148,861,000, Kansas fourth, with 105,840,000; Indiana fifth, with 101,664,000; Nebraska sixth, with 124,136,000, and Ohio seventh, with 111,105,000. The big wheat states are Minnesota, with 34,295,000 bushels, Michigan, with 31,201,000, and Iowa, with 30,132,000. Dakota which is not a state but would like to be two states, comes fourth in the list of wheat-growing districts, with 27,911,000 bushels, Indiana fifth, with 26,579,000, California sixth, with 26,502,000, and Ohio seventh, with 20,593,000 bushels. The above order of production is based upon the crops of 1885 and cannot be relied upon as the standard of production for a term of years.

The year 1885, it will be seen was a very good crop year, which fell below the average for the last five years, but the corn crop surely and the cotton and oats crops probably were the biggest ever gathered. The reports in regard to the other crops, such as rye buckwheat and potatoes, which are not given in detail, show an excellent average, and indicate that we have enough for home uses and a good surplus to spare to our foreign neighbors if they want it. But they are slower than formerly about taking our surplus. This is owing chiefly to the competition of India, Russia, Egypt, and even Australia and South America. The agricultural development of these countries is making rapid strides and we must open our eyes to the fact that they are destined to become much more formidable competitors in the matter of furnishing Europe with agricultural products than they have ever been in the past.

LITTLE METHODS.

We are told that the recent severe weather, while in some respects a hardship to stock farmers in the Willamette valley, did not cause the loss of an considerable number of either cattle or sheep. The country everywhere was well supplied with feed and stock pulled through in good condition. This fact is important in a general as well as particular sense because it illustrates a radical change in the stock business in this country time was, and not very far back, when a general cold snap for ten days, particularly if accompanied by snow, meant death to thousands of cattle and sheep. The provision of feed was only in very small proportion to the number of animals in the country, stock farmers regularly each year taking the chances of bad weather. In Western and Southern Oregon the stock business has been revolutionized. There are now no great public ranges and no man tries to carry through the winter a greater number of animals than he can decently feed and care for.

In many localities of Eastern Oregon and Washington the stock business is still carried on in the old style—that is, owners rely upon the range at all seasons and when that fails the poor victims of man's inhumanity and greed must suffer and die. But the extension of settlements and subdividing the range and the constant tramping of herds is exhausting it. The better of the famed grass districts are under the plow, and it is only a question of time when there will be no more public range.

But it is not to be understood that because our great ranges are disappearing the stock business in Oregon is in decline or in danger of failure. Such a consequence, indeed, was predicted by the cattle-men, but results are directly contrary wise. As the settlement of the country increases, the annual product of cattle and sheep increases. A stock-farmer who feeds and carefully tends his stock will support from three hundred acres of land a larger herd than the range stock man will maintain on three thousand acres. Besides, the quality and weight of well fed and carefully bred stock will be better. Civilization has the same effect upon the production of horses, cattle and sheep upon the production of man. A thousand Indians will live in poverty and misery on a body of land from which a hundred thousand white men could support the means in comfort.

THE N. P. LAND GRANT.

Full Text of the Opinion of the Commissioner of the General Land Office in the Case of Donald McLay against the N. P. R. R. Company.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
GENERAL LAND OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.

To Register and Receiver, Olympia, W. T.—Gentlemen: I have considered the case of Donald McLay vs. Northern Pacific Railroad Company involving southeast quarter of southwest quarter of section township 20 north, range 6 west Willamette meridian, Washington Territory, on his application to enter said tract under the pre-emption laws.

The records show that on March 21, 1882, at 9 o'clock A. M. Donald McLay presented his application to enter said tract under the pre-emption laws, which application was rejected because the land was within the limits of the grant for the Northern Pacific railroad, and was not subject to pre-emption at the time the right attached.

On April 21, 1884, at 9 o'clock A. M. Hayes & Stockton, acting as attorneys in fact for said McLay, presented their application to enter said tract under the pre-emption laws, which application was rejected because the land was within the limits of the grant for the Northern Pacific railroad, and was not subject to pre-emption at the time the right attached.

On April 21, 1884, at 9 o'clock A. M. Hayes & Stockton presented their application, with the said McLay's declaratory statement,

COMMISSION.
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...will be worn. Tickets worth
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...that but a fraction
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The Oregonian.

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Daily, delivered, Sunday included, per week ... 20 cents

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT

PORTLAND, Jan. 24, 11 P. M.

Name of Station	Height above sea level	Barometer reduced to sea level	Thermometer	Direction of wind	Velocity of wind, hour	State of weather
Portland	29.80	30.11	38	SE	6	Cloudy
Olympia	7	30.11	36	SE	6	Cloudy
Roseburg	53	30.20	41	E	0	Clear
Red Bluff	341	30.08	46	E	0	Clear
Sacramento	9	30.12	48	SE	10	Clear
Carson	4,675	29.61	30	NE	0	Clear
San Francisco	60	30.14	50	SE	6	Clear

OREGONIAN IN SAN FRANCISCO

Is for sale at the Palace Hotel News Stand every day in the week.

OUR LETTER-BOX

Name of Steamer	Sails for	Sails on
For Japan and China		
City of Peking	Hongkong	Jan. 30
For Australia		
Zealandia	Sydney	Feb. 1

OUTGOING PASSENGERS.

The Columbia sailed at midnight with the following passengers:

W K Benson & wife	Mrs J Nerguard
J G Lagon & wife	J P Lower
F E Elliot	M Woodcock
F H Shaughnessy	Jos Doheny
Will Lewelling	H Waters
J S Maloy	Ta Kahwah & wife
J Tibbin	H Cable
Mrs Emma Taylor & ch	Mrs Woods
S Parker & wife	W E Mills
S Lester	W L Carli
Jas Coffey	L S Hasphag
W J Agnew	Jas Young
J Lester	J McMullin
Dr W Elmer	L Wentworth
Wm Wentworth	F A Eddy
S Goldman	Jos Fisher

And 19 in the steerage.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

Passed Heron to arrive over the Northern Pacific—Miss M T Brant, J P Webber, J W Carter, C Wheeler and ten Immigrants.

PORTLAND LETTER LIST

Remaining in the postoffice at Portland, Oregon, Jan 24, 1886. Persons calling for these letters will please state the date on which the same was advertised.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Ancills, Madame	Leonard Sarah	
Boyle, Miss Lula	Lindsley, Mrs M L	
Bowman, Miss Ida	Lodd Miss Della	
Bomberg, Miss Anna	Lloyd Mrs I	
Brith, Miss Minnie		
Brith, Miss Addie	Mahan Miss Myrtle	
Bercich, Mrs I A	Meehan Miss	
Butler, Mrs Eliza (2)	Mitchell, Miss Ida	
Brownell, Mrs Jennie	Moyer Miss Minnie	
Ballenger, Katie	Markell Miss Clara	
Bell Anna	McKain Mrs Edith	
Barnes, Mrs Lydia	McFadden Miss Carrie	
Baker, Miss Hattie		
	Nichols Miss Hardy	
	Nicdercher Miss Helen	
Carter, Ellen	Nye Miss Minnie	
Cope, Mrs Kate		
Coleman, Emma	Perrier Miss Adrilla	
Collins, Mrs Cherry	Poland, Miss Dora	
Crocker, Mrs Joseph	Parker, Miss Minnie	
Chambers, Miss Ollie	Preston, Mrs Celia	
Callenton, Anna B	Powers, Mrs Mollie	
Donelan, Mrs Maggie	Riggs, Mrs Frances	
Dehner, Miss Pearl	Reading, Mrs Ina	
Dessle, Miss Grace	Reynolds, Mrs Wm	
Dewey, Laura	Rogers, Mrs Wm	
Dehl, Mrs F	Ruplight, Mrs Davi	
Davis, Miss Minnie	Hilton, Miss Edna	
Davis, Miss Pearl	Richey, Miss Mary	
	Rose, Mrs Rachel	
Eggon, Mrs Eliza	Sackett, Mrs C	
Edgar, Mrs J O	Stanley, Mrs Jennie	
Eden, Miss Anna M	Shadden, Mrs Maggie	
	Stiff, Mrs Clara	
Fuller, Mrs Jas	Shea, Miss Dessie	
Flanagan, Miss Ellen	Smith, Mrs Pearl	
Faucher, Miss Emma	Weaver, Mrs M	
Fleishman, Mrs Jacob	Whitney, Mrs A G	
Fox, Mrs Emily	Schaefer, Regina	
	Sears, Miss	
Gratamsland, Mrs Jas	Sanders, Mrs C W	
Graham, Mrs M	Schaefer, Regina	
Garbarino, Mrs Candido	Swayne, Miss D	
Galloway, Miss Ella	Smith, Miss Nellie M	
	Smith, Miss Mary	
	Sykes, Mrs I	
Hyde, Miss Nellie	Tillman, Mrs M	
Hastings, Miss May	Townsend, Mrs Nellie	
Hafer, Miss Hattie	Vinson, Mrs Jennie	
Haas, Miss Jenna		
Hunt, Mrs Eliza	Webb, Mrs Bessie (2)	
Hreen, Mrs W H	Wagner, Mrs Susan	
Howard, Mrs J L	Wise, Miss Hattie	
Heiman, Mrs A R	White, Mrs J I	
Hammond, Mrs I		
	Zaltzer, Iresia	
Johnson, Mrs Christ		

MEN'S LIST.

Aitken, Frank	Freeman, Jno M	McManamin, W H
Allen, Will H		Mask, W
Anderson, Oscar	Gibson, Jack	Morre, John M
Anderson, Louis	Gould, Dan W	Mills, F W
Anderson, Jas C	Green, Jos F	Matteson, Edbt
	Garthorn, Jno M	Muth, W Chas
Boyle, James	Gilbert, Aug	Murtay, R A
Bowman, G W		
Bonin, U F	Hazlewood, Jno	Numan, J
Brith, Thos (3)	Hayes, Frank	Noyes, F L
Bundy, Frank	Haines, Frank	
Brown, Benj	Heidt, Ld	Owens, Odd F
Byde, J	Hedges, David	Owens, W L
Byrne, Jno	Heffner, Wm	Olesen, Ole
Brady, Matthew	Helwig, Ernest	
Bennett, Sas V	Hinkson, J M	Perrin, Laforest
Behn, Louis	Haley, Richard	Lufkin, Andrew
Beck, Harry	Haller, Jno H	Pohl, Waldiv
Baker, H E	Herman, Jack	Powell, Courtlo S
Baker, A J	Howard, J I	Pitman, John
Baldon, Jack	Hunter, Wm	Patrick, Barnes
Beans, John	Hall, Harry	Pitchkin, S A
Carlisle, John	Johnston, J H	Randall, Jno
Cates, D A	Johnson, Geo	Robinson, Chas
Cosgrove, Frank	Johnson, P I	Rodrigo, Jno
Cofrono, A	Jackson, G I	Rose, Chas F
Courtright, H (2)		Rathbone, J
Courtright, G H	Kloborg, I N	Lathan, W I
Constance, Sam	Kissing, Robt	Raley, W J
Crean, Jno	Keeney, Jas	Rhodes, Peter
Close, Wm	Kidder, John	Rich, H C
Charles, V A	Kline, Jas	
Campbell, C M	Kelly, James	Stevenson, J B
Crawford, Frank	Kelly, W J	Stidell, I
Cassedy, David	Kerns, L	Strout, D C
Cantrell, Jno	Rothenbentel, P	Petchkin & Co
Clark, Geo C		Soth, W H
Clark, L	Ems, Robt	Schamburg, Chas
Caldwell, Frank	Ekes, Adam	Schaefer, Jno
Caldwell, S C	Isabel, Chas	Smith, H J
California Cigar Mfg Co	Lane, Elwood	Smith, Sidney W
	Lukin, Jones	
Cornelius, Thos	Lee, Wm	Uber, W Scott
	Leonard, A C	Ure, R M
Duncan, A	Linnum, C D	Tracy, J C
Durham, W W	Brewer, W I	Truitt, W G
Dorsey, Jare	Lewis, David	Trout, G Jas
Dewet, George	Larson, L	Taylor, W B
Davis, A	Lee, O H	Thompson, J S
Davis, Caleb		
Davis, B	Mack, Geo	Vaughn, Chas
Davis, Frank	Mitchell, Wm I	Vance, Adam
Daley, W F	Mitchell, Robt	
Daniel, S D	Moonan, Jas	Wood, John I
	Mooman, Robt	Walker, Wm
Ellis, L	Mozart, Ike	Wooley, Edwin
	Marsh, Jesse	Weaver, M J
Fuller, A D	Murphy, J F	Whitford, A G
Furnish, Wm J	Margolis, J L	Welander, Wm
Flemming, Hy	McClure, J S	Wolf, Isaac
Fetzer, P R	McDonald, D A	White, Smith
Fuller, Robt	McKay, Chas	White, Fred
Flanner, Clovis	McFarland, F W	Welton, A D
Fish, M	McGovern, Jas	West, M
Fink, Jno F	Mulranch, Fred	White, W H
Flanigan, Barn	Mcclosh, Chas	
Figel, Q Geo		

C. W. BOBA, P. M.

I am going to tell you a truth that is to be free from all pain at Dr. Sanford's Liniment St. Jacobs Oil use it once and will tell

WHITE'S NEURALGIA CURE.

S. G. Skidmore & Co., druggists, agents, 131 First street, Portland, Oregon.

Diamonds! Big bargains. Also watches by every kind of all description. Goods sent C. O. D. to any of the coast with the privilege to examine before paying. Every article guaranteed. The watch repairing and engraving stand at this, a specialty. Call or write to M. S. Dent, 128 1st st.

The Broken Shaft. Dr. Lawrence Barnes and others, postpaid for 10 cents. Dr. Lawrence Barnes, 1

BUSINESS ITEMS.

Go to Keith's for eye glasses.

W. F. Berry's Sewing Machine Office 161 Yamhill street.

One Kidney Pad cures when all others fail; consultation free. 170 Front st.

Rowen Wire spring beds. Georgeson & Parker, 133 Fifth street. Trade solicited.

Norton Air Door Springs will keep your doors closed. Price reduced to $1 50. 170 Front st.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co. Branch office 266 First st. Portland. Or. Keith Block. M. F. Shaw, Manager.

A Fine Display — Large and magnificent display of Household Drugs and Medicines, just received at Goff and Sweeney's Medicine Store, where all the latest and best medicines can be found on sale. Don't fail to call and see the fine display ever made in Oregon. 117 Third.

THE VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE. Washington st. leads all. Oysters in every style.

Advice to Mothers. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhea. 25 cts. a bottle.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE BLOCKADE.—The situation along the line of the Oregon Railway & Navigation company is in no way improved. There seem to be snowslides for half the distance between Hood River and Multnomah Falls, and the long and short of it is that these slides have got to be shoveled out by hand. A snow plow with 100 engines behind it could not buck all the snow from the track. Just how long it will take an army of men to do the work can not be stated. No one has been over the line between Hood River and Bonneville nor between Lanson and Multnomah Falls. But from what is known it appears that there is not much snow on the first as there was last year, though of course the snowfall was too large. The whole trouble is in the enormous slides. Yesterday Superintendent Rowe ordered his entire force of men engaged on construction of the Palisa branch to be brought down to the blockade. They number 250 and will arrive at Hood River early Tuesday morning from present appearances it will not be possible to open the road before Wednesday night or Thursday morning and perhaps not then. The weather yesterday was raining, the thermometer about 30, and a strong upstream wind to blowing. If this state of weather continues for 48 hours communicating will be established by boat on the Dalles road. The passengers yesterday afternoon at the river at below Bonneville was still frozen over and men were engaging on the ice. At Vancouver the ice broke loose in the afternoon and looked as if it would run out. In steamboating days, when the river was low, to be depended on, experience is proved, has the best place to begin. This was Cutler's Point, about four miles below the Cascades. Now there will be no necessity of waiting for the gorge at that point to go out, as the trains can get down below it. Should the weather not turn warmer, or at least not get cooler, there will be nothing to do but wait till men could shovel the snow from the track.

BURNED OUT DURING A BLIZZARD.—On Tuesday morning last, which was probably the coldest of the season, just before daybreak, says the Wasco Sun, Fred Klein's new two-story residence, seven miles east of Town, was discovered to be on fire, with the entire interior of the house built in the stove and the amount of kindling used was so great that the pipe set here to the second floor at once in the second floor at once. In a few minutes the whole building was wrapped in flames. Mr. Klein, his wife and two children were sleeping when the building caught and was burned. Mr. Klein and wife sprang from their bed and carried the little ones out in the cold frozen ground, away from the burning building. The building was then so thoroughly enveloped in flames that Mr. Klein had time to save but one or two blankets with which to shelter the forms of his wife and children who were suffering from the chilling blasts of the howling northern blizzard. Here was the result. In three hours had completely consumed within as many minutes.

NO NEW SERVICE BY STEAMSHIP.—Yesterday was one of the days when Postmaster Sinnott's views was not popular in Portland, and he could not have received many notes for constables of couth, if he had been running from the business men. The afternoon Columbia left for San Francisco last night, but carried no United States mail. Persons who desired to send letters east via San Francisco could not do so, because Villas, to get a reputation for economy, cut off the steamship service. Wells, Fargo & Co. must have fallen down a big batch last night, but this was only count in mud. A great many had put off writing in the hope that the blockade would be raised and the supply of express envelopes in drug and drug stores (the only places where they are to be obtained on Sunday) was swelled high exhausted. A moment of Tom Dieckhoff's stamp who had occasion to mail a letter had to go a long, before he could get an envelope. The usual answer being: "Had plenty this morning, but they are all gone."

AGAINST DIVISION.—A bill introduced in the territorial legislature at Olympia a few days since to create "St. Helens county" by the dismemberment of Clarke, Cowlitz and Skamania counties called for an indignant remonstrance from Judge Dement in Skamania County. He said: "I could not have asked a villain of this age shall to—do it now asked was to let alone. The bill proposed to cut up the county and take off a portion of the north of the county boundary line. He said, as the delegation of Clarke County. There the old settlers, led on by old William Strong now of Portland, fought one of the greatest Indian battles that ever took place in the territory. That is the last time that Strong ever fought the Klamas, and the only time he found on the battle field after the battle was no Indian squaw and papoose, and he took them prisoners to Vancouver. Now to ask the old settlers to give up that old battle ground is asking just a little too much."

NO BASEBALL MEETING.—The Portland Baseball club were to have had a meeting yesterday to arrange preliminaries for the coming season, but owing to the absence of Ed Irvin, Glendenning and Timmons, who are shipping crew days at The Dalles, no meeting took place. The walking is not good, so the absentees will remain where they are for several days yet. It is not likely that the professional of the Portlands will be changed much from last season, and that the sport will begin as early as the weather will permit. Tierney and Wilson are still at Vancouver, and if they can be secured as the nucleus, it will be no trouble to pick out a team to hold the Portlands level. Some talk has been indulged in of securing a new park at the Oaks, near Portland, was begun. The infield has been leveled off and several lumps in the outfield removed. Lovers of the sport are likely to see some good games the coming season.

COMING THIS WAY.—The Northern Pacific bureau of emigration is now receiving no end of letters of inquiry from intending and prospective immigrants than ever before. By the last mail 181 were received, forty six of which were from Europe, the rest under from Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska and Texas. By the last steamer there arrived seventy five immigrants, twenty three of whom were bound for the Colville region, and a number for Spokane Falls, to await the location of mining operations. Eighteen persons who arrived by the previous steamer were also bound for the Colville region. The greater number of these people are of colored complexion and are from Arkansas. The greater number of these people are of colored complexion and are from Arkansas. They are bound to be on hand in time for the "opening chorus" next spring.

NOT UNKNOWN HERE.—A dispatch from San Francisco last week gave particulars of the shooting and seriously wounding of a man named Matt Liddy, well known in Portland from years ago he ran an envelope factory on First street, and for a year had cleaned up handsomely. He was also closely identified with one class of politics, and on election days was well known to be a most handsome broker for that for over two years he has been a responsible boiling fellow at Mission street San Francisco, which was the scene of the shooting. The current rising young man who started in to be like Lords of pipes, for opium, around town a little time since, and who is now lying in the County jail waiting for the grand jury to investigate his case, is a brother of the above-mentioned Liddy.

DEATH FROM CONSUMPTION.—A telegram from Hood river yesterday announces the death at that place of Louis Hadaway, for a long time a compositor on THE OREGONIAN, and afterwards for man of the *Standard*. His disease was consumption from which he had suffered for a long time. He was a steady, quiet man, always industrious, and much respected by his fellow craftsmen. He leaves a wife and one child, a daughter, aged 5 years. The body will be brought to this city for burial as soon as the snow blockade is raised. Mrs. Hadaway, after going to her brother here, states that the people of Hood River have been kind to her in every way, and that during her husband's illness a fond attention of gentleman was constant in showing them.

FROM LEWIS RIVER.—A gentleman who has just visited the Lewis river country states that it is being rapidly settled up. The land is of superior quality, but in most places heavily timbered. Over 1,000 settlers, principally from Kansas, have located along the river for a distance of fifteen or twenty miles about Vancouver, and are rapidly pushing up the country. The largest settlement are mainly fishermen who work at their nets in the season and spend the winter clearing their land. They are a thrifty and industrious class and will soon have good farms and will make a desirable class of citizens. The Lewis river valley is bound to become one of the most prosperous sections of Clarke county in the near future.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS CELEBRATION.—The joint committee in charge of the proposed celebration of the twenty-second anniversary of the founding of the order of Knights of P. thias have decided to hold a reception and ball on the 11th of next month. Thirteen were appointed and all details are being arranged. As fast as possible. The exercises will include address and a promenade concert.

ART READING CLUB.—The Art Reading club of this city met at the house of Mrs. Cotter last Thursday afternoon. An interesting and instructive programme had been arranged. Miss Goodman and Miss Fried were appointed to read at the next meeting, which occurs Thursday afternoon of this week at 3 o'clock, at the residence of Miss Fried, 254 Tenth street.

WIRE PROSTRATED BY SLEET.—John Creighton, line repairer for the Western Union Telegraph company, returned yesterday from a trip among the line between here and Vancouver. He found it down in many places and the last mile from Lewis place to the Columbia was completely prostrated from the effects of the sheet, which had collected on the wire to the thickness of a man's wrist. Crouch placed the line in order to the Columbia, but was unable to cross. When he left the ice opposite Vancouver was breaking up and going out, and if the thaw continues the route to the Cascades will soon be open again.

A TIMES QUESTION.—Among the church notices in yesterday's OREGONIAN, Rev. B. W. Oswell was advertised to take for his morning theme the highly sensational subject "How to Reach the Dalles." "How to Reach the Masses" was the theme the reverend gentleman intended to discourse upon. How to reach the Dalles is no doubt one of the living questions of the day, and may have been upon the mind of the compositor far more than any station on the gospel railroad, which no doubt caused the error.

SAVED HIS MONEY.—About 1 o'clock yesterday morning policemen Ingram and Mattingly arrested a rail rider named Thomas Pratt very much under the influence of liquor at the corner of Fourth and Taylor streets. He had $400 in money on his person at the time. A check for $400 more. When the seaboard off he put up $10 bail and left. Pratt was in a dangerous locality for a man with money, and he only omitted the $10 left, with the city as insurance premium and at a mighty low rate too.

JOE APPARATUS A SUCCESS.—The experiment of freezing ice at Dodson's, a little this side of the Cascades, by letting water run slowly from a flume to a large platform, was a success. The first arrangement needed only a slight modification to make it work like a charm. On the first "run" about 240 tons of ice was made, and the only trouble now is to get it to market.

GRAND ARMY ENCAMPMENT.

Arrangements for the Entertainment of Visiting Comrades Friday Night.

The encampment of the department of Oregon, Grand Army of the Republic, meets in this city Thursday and Friday of this week. The committee, consisting of three members each of the Relief corps, George Wright post No. 1, Canfield post No. 8, and Lincoln post No. 9, met for the purpose of making preparations for a reception and campfire to be given to the visiting comrades and families of the department, at Grand Army hall, on Friday evening. The committee organized by electing comrade George Lewis chairman, and comrade Henry L. Bosch, secretary.

A communication from Post Commander R. V. Montieth, of Cushing post, of Astoria, regarding their band, was read at the secretary instructed to reply that the committee should be highly pleased to have the band come, and this committee provide and take care of their several wants while in the city.

The following committee were then appointed:

On hall decoration—Committee Story, Lawson and DuBois.

On reception—Mesdames Langhill and Morse, and comrade Bosch.

On refreshments—Comrades Norman, Hall and Morgan.

On music—Comrades Sias and Dooling.

The following programme was then agreed upon:

Opening	Casting Post band
Address of welcome	Department Commander
Response	Grand Army Glee Club
Music	Casting Post band
Humorous sketch illustrated by	Post Comman
	der P. Shaw
Army call	Grand Army Drum Corps
Song	Misses Ida Burke and Georgia Cushing
Heritage	Only the Flag. Mr. Marcus Martin
Music	Cushing Post band

GRAND ARMY SUPPER.

Hard tack, beans, black coffee, during which toasts and responses are in order.

To conclude with a social dance, music furnished by the celebrated Cushing Post band, of Astoria.

Adjourned to meet Thursday at 1 o'clock P. M., sharp.

THE STAGE.

A PERSONAL TRIUMPH.—Last night Mr. Phil Branson, the tenor of the Thompson opera company, the opportunity being given, established himself before the Portland public as a prime favorite. Responding to a request from a number of persons, he sang in the third act of "The Beggar Student," the most captivating song ever written for a tenor voice, "The Land Land of Poland," from the Bohemian Girl. The house was crowded and probably not ten people in the audience but has heard Harry Gates sing it more than once, and remembered his every note. Mr. Branson sang it still better, and with a force and fervor entirely unexpected from so slight a physique as his. Thundering applause, and a triple encore greeted his splendid effort, but of work and Mr. Branson says if agreeable himself on no inconsiderable triumph. And the song did not seem to be "lugged in." It is sung by a Polish officer, and his "The Beggar Student" quite as well as in its original place.

THE CASINO.—To-night the Thompson Opera company will present for the first time at the Casino, Gilbert & Sullivan's first success, the ever popular "Pinafore." Judged by the work for the past two weeks, the public will expect a great ensemble and perfect work throughout, and there is little fear that their expectations will not be realized. The management having removed the only cause for dissatisfaction, viz., an extra charge for reserved seats, the house ought to be crowded. Seats can be secured at Budgh & Strode's drug store, second at Washington streets, this morning and here after, for fifty cents.

THE NEW MARKET.—Next Monday evening C. B. Bishop opens at the New Market in his own play, "Strictly Business." Mr. Bishop is one of the few legitimate comedians on the country. Their advertising and bill posting will be late, as the agent, who is expected to arrive by the Oregon, due this evening, could not catch the steamer on account of washouts along the Southern Pacific. Just the same, the opening night will be next Monday.

THE TIVOLI.—Colburn and Clayton have taken immense through the past week and continue at this house in their acts this week. The old-time favorite, Charles B. Nelson, reappears tonight. The Mendells and Catletts are prime favorites. Manager Clinton is always on the lookout for novelties.

BRIEF MENTION.

"Inspector" at the Casino to night.

The Portland Minstrel association will meet to-day at 10 o'clock A. M. in the G. A. R. parlor.

The remains of Charles A. Taylor were taken by Wells, Fargo & Co. on the Columbia, to Sacramento.

A bank is to be started early next month at Arlington, formerly Alkali, by Harvey Gordon, of The Dalles, and N. A. Cornish.

The train from Tacoma came in on time yesterday. A lot of fresh codfish from Port Townsend and some salmon were about all the express freight.

Chas. W. Hanson, the well known emigration agent, was gallivanting around Lester by with an outpouring of tiny violets, which he found coming in his garden when the snow thawed off. He was very proud of his beautiful bouquet, and kept humming "Hurrah for the flowers of spring, fa la."

PERSONAL

Frank P. Judge returned yesterday from a trip to Seattle.

T. W. P. Agnew sailed on the Columbia last night to spend a few weeks in California.

Mr. E. J. Abraham, agent for the Thompson Opera company, left last night for San Francisco, presumably to superintend the making of costumes for "Falka" and "Nanon," soon to be produced at the Casino.

THEY STAY HERE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

During the blockade of the eastern mails go overland to Sacramento, thence east, or do they go by steamer, thence east from Sacramento?

SUBSCRIBER.

Neither. They remain in the Portland postoffice.

A JUDGE FOR THE SEVENTH DISTRICT.

SALEM, Jan. 24.—The governor has just appointed George Watkins of The Dalles, as judge of the newly-created "Seventh" judicial district.

Appointed by Education.

Robert G. Ingersoll:

You have no idea how many men are spoiled by what is called education. For the most part colleges are places where pebbles are polished and diamonds are dimmed. If Shakespeare had graduated at Oxford he might have been a quibbling attorney or a hypocritical parson.

THE TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 2.—Speaker Dunbar being absent on account of sickness, Mr. McCall was selected speaker pro tem.

Mr. Dunbar presented a remonstrance against division of Clark county.

Mr. Ferris presented a petition from Garfield county for testing against bonding the county to build a jail.

Bill including section 1053 of the code indefinitely postponed.

H. B. 138, to organize the county of St. Helens, by division of Clarke county, passed. Messrs. Dickinson, Goodell, Hill, Manley, Munday, Ostrander, Tefft and Wells voting no.

H. B. 80, authorizing Whatcom county to issue bonds to build roads, indefinitely postponed.

H. B. 101 exempting smelting works from taxation for five years. After a long discussion Mr. Lewis moved to include all coal mines, distilleries and brewaries erected during the next five years. Lost, an amendment was lost.

Mr. Dickinson tried to exempt flour mills lost.

Mr. Oster moved to limit the exemption to two years. Lost.

Mr. Oster moved to limit the exemption to one year. Lost.

On the final passage of the bill the yeas and nays were called, resulting in 11 yeas and 11 nays. The chair then declared the bill passed.

Bill to locate capital at Ellensburg passed.

Bill to locate capital at Yakima passed.

Bill to locate capital at Spokane Falls passed.

Bill to locate capital at Cheney passed.

H. B. 8, appropriating $400 to pay for 400 copies of supervisors' records, with majority and minority reports, passed.

Bill allowing certain salary to auditor of Klickitat county passed.

House committee on ways and means provided for the payment from the appropriation for the Olympia water works.

Bill to amend section 14 was taken up and passed with the exception of the section relating to the Columbia river fishery.

Bill to amend section 1 was taken up and passed with the exception of the section relating to the Columbia river fishery.

LOCAL OPTION ACT.

Bill to repeal local option act was read by title. Bill appointed to which the bill was referred. Mr. Lewis moved that the bill be referred to the committee on judiciary. Mr. Lewis moved that the bill be referred to the committee on judiciary. Mr. Lewis moved that the bill be referred to the committee on judiciary. Mr. Lewis moved that the bill be referred to the committee on judiciary

THE LIFE OF FAITH.

Sermon by Rev W Hay Aitken the English Missioner Preached in Trinity Church, N Y.

Romans i 17 — The just shall live by faith'

It is time we should face the question Is this life, of which the preacher has been speaking from day to day, merely a Utopian dream, a theological fancy, a sort of spiritual mirage that may flit before the eye of our imagination, or is it a thing to be actually realized in our personal life and experience' That is the question. To be or not to be I am afraid we find ourselves standing face to face with considerable skepticism upon this point.

It is all very well for clergymen to talk upon such subjects all very well for theological writers to compose treatises upon them but when it comes to practice, you know, practice is after all, the test and we do not find the it works in practice as we might suppose it would work We do not find that this religion, which you want so much, produces on men's lives the effect which you think it ought to produce. As a matter of fact, we are profoundly skeptical as to whether those we call religious men are better than other people. A man who perhaps never bends his knee in prayer never enters the door of a place of worship, but possesses a high moral standard is a pleasanter fellow to transact business with than a self-styled religionist who believes in prayer meetings, but not in paying his bills. That is a statement of the case as it presents itself to the minds of not a few

This skepticism as to the result of religion upon the human life arises, in the first place from the confusion of mere external religiousness with true spirituality It cannot be denied that there is a good deal of religion that does men no kind of conceivable good Just in so far as true religion is the best thing the corruption of it is the worst thing, according to the old Latin proverb If my religion is the best thing I can possess, and if instead of possessing it, I possess a caricature of it, my position is so much the worse, and not the better

The first essential of real religion is spirituality What do I mean by that' I mean that I believe that a man possesses a spirit as I that there is a divine spirit. In the contact between these two I detect what I describe as spirituality When the holy spirit of God, coming in contact with my nature, infuses the divine into my human nature, firing my soul with new desires, shaping my course of conduct by the influence he brings to bear upon me—I say when the holy spirit of God thus attaches himself to me and lives in me, then, indeed, my religion has a thing worth having but if it stops short of this, it is merely a matter of names and words, and you should not be surprised that it does no good

But, more than this, I fancy that this skepticism with respect to the benefit of religion on those who profess it arises, to a very large extent, from the common talk about the unconsistency of professing Christians, a great deal of this talk is exaggeration though it have no doubt in a large number of instances, the exaggeration has a basis of fact. I am not going to deny the sorrowful fact that Christians are often inconsistent. But facts of this kind, when they get talked about, are usually exaggerated, and I am inclined to believe that this particular fact has been grossly exaggerated

But, further, am I not right in affirming that we expect that the actions of those who all themselves Christian men, in the full sense of the word, should be regulated by a somewhat higher standard than that which we expect ordinary men of the world to adopt A man may be perfectly honorable, and if he is an ordinary man of the world, you are not surprised. But, if a man makes a profession of being a servant of Jesus Christ, you naturally conclude that the religion which he professes will have some influence upon his moral character, and that he will shrink from anything at all questionable in his transactions. And thus you judge the Christian man by a higher standard than that which you apply to the ordinary man of the world I think you are justified in doing so But you must not too hastily conclude, if a man comes short of that standard, that it is the fault of his religion Rather the inference would seem more natural that, probably, it is the lack of as much of that religion as is needed to produce the result of high honor and integrity that actually accounts for your being disappointed in him. So I come to the conclusion that this common idea about the unsatisfactory character of those who make a Christian profession is largely caused by the fact that a powerful impression is made upon our minds in any instance of the kind by the disappointment of our natural and legitimate expectations

But, on the other hand, are there in instances that you can yourself recall where men once led most unsatisfactory lives before they became real Christians, and where under the influence of divine grace, the whole course and character of their commercial career has been changed can you not think of any who have become useful and hardworking citizens and a benefit to society, where, before, they were a curse to it If you will ransack your memory it will not be long before such cases will present themselves to your mind. There are, no doubt, men in this congregation who can recall plenty of such examples of the beneficent effect of divine grace.

But I must take this opportunity of addressing a few earnest words—God grant that they may go home to your hearts—to those whose words of caution, and perhaps of expostulation, to those who do make a Christian profession Brothers in Christ Jesus, have you sufficiently reflected on the fact that the character of our master is in some sense placed in our hands? The world does not read the Bible but it reads your lives. The world does not study Christ but it studies the conduct of those who claim to be his. O, fellow Christians, better a thousand times that we should live in poverty and die in obscurity than that we should drive the most thriving trade in New York and yet, by the character of our commercial transactions, give occasion to the enemies of God to blaspheme Nothing is slight that compromises the honor of Jesus Christ, and leads worldly men to conclude that religion is not worth having Oh, God, pour down upon Christian merchants and men of business of this city such a sense of moral purity such a consciousness of their responsibility, that they shall every one be ready rather to die than to lose their testimony

The man that is continually drawing his inspiration from God will not yield to temptation but the man who is not doing so, though he may have had the conversion of a Saul of Tarsus—I care not how miraculous and astonishing the features of his conversion may have been, if the man does not walk in the spirit I do not believe he is overcoming sin How shall we walk in the spirit' Here is one side of the matter 'The just shall live by faith The reason why so many Christian men fail in their commercial life and bring discredit upon their Lord, is that they do not live by faith They begin to live by faith they come to Christ as helpless sinners, and throw them selves upon him for salvation But to have done that is not enough They go on as they began As their spiritual life commenced with their sense of moral helplessness, so their spiritual career is to be continued by a continual believing apprehension of the power that is in Christ Jesus. Men fail to realize this, and thus they fail in their experience and in their conduct and in their character be one year or two, a friend of mine, a member of my congregation, observed to me "I wish you would preach practical faith. I said, 'Don't I?' 'No,' he said I do not think you preach practical faith. I said, "What do you mean'" He said, "I will tell you how the thing presents itself to me There are men in your congregation who go down to Wall street, the exchange and I perceive all sorts of commercial transactions If I question them why they do it the answer will probably be We cannot help it. We cannot conduct business otherwise And yet they make a profession of being Christian men Now Jesus' what is this less in these men have to bear' Surely that God is as much able to do it in the commercial world as he is able to be trusted in the matter of their soul's salvation

But, my friends, it is very common to hear men talk about faith as though it were the most impracticable of subjects It is not a long since I heard of a man of business who said 'I cannot make out how it is that clergymen are not more practical I have heard many a fifty sermons on the subject of the faith of Abraham for one sermon upon the fifty of paying twenty shillings in the pound' I could thoroughly understand the man's feelings. I am afraid we men sters of the gospel are sometimes apt to deal about a little in clouds instead of coming down to daily life But there was something with the good man overlooked If these fifty sermons on the faith of Abraham had been preached as they ought to have been preached, they ought to have left no question in the man's mind whether or not he ought to pay twenty shillings on the pound. That faith of Abraham was shown in the giving of his all If you are a miser you do not love your dollars as Abraham loved his Isaac. The most money loving man in New York cannot feel such an affection for his wealth as Abraham for his son How the man's heart bled! Isaac had been unpromisingly given, and now he was to be taken away All the father in him revolts, but his faith suggests no. He has already believed that the barren womb of Sarah could produce Isaac, because God had promised it; and now he believes that, although the life of Isaac may be sacrificed yet in some strange way the purpose of God shall be fulfilled and so, with heavy heart, he trudges up to Mt. Moriah He builds his altar and he binds the victim and seizes the knife, ready to bury it deep in the bosom of his son, ten times dearer to him than life itself Never talk about faith not being a practical thing after all. He risked his all upon the faithfulness of God, and then and there he made a wonderful discovery, as the result of his faith, and that was the great truth that he uttered upon that spot which became the memorable name of the place Jehovah jireh (the Lord will provide)

Do you ask, my brother, will this thing work in the practical details of our daily life" I say it will" Will it bring me success? That is a different question. It depends upon what you mean by success. Do you mean dollars? Then I do not know The Lord may see that dollars are the worst thing for you, and if he does, he will take them all away Are there none to whom I am addressing myself to day who know something about the shocks of bad debt, and the fluctuating anxiety, and the pain and disquietude and overthrow in commercial life, when the heart sinks and the courage almost fails? My brother, what do you want You want the power that shall lift you up out of all this You want to feel sure that all is well to bear in the dark night a voice sounding across the stormy waves, that seems to say "All is well Fear not. Go forward" You want to know that there is no such thing as shipwreck for you that, although it may seem as though everything were adverse, all things are really working together for your good, and you shall know it if you belong to God The just shall live by faith

But, you say, it costs something to be a Christian Does it? It costs a great deal more to keep your bank of Christianity What does it cost to be a Christian? Money? Very well, pay it and I say it is cheap at the price. You pay large prices for articles of luxury Here is the great luxury that a man can bestow upon himself—the luxury of a good conscience before God, peace within and peace without, the hope of immortality, a hope that is worth having, my brother a hope that seems to wax brighter and brighter, when all round it grows dim.

That, thank God, you cannot buy with money But think what a thing it is to be possessed of and as you let your mind rest upon the possibility of such a wondrous acquisition, be sane enough to count all else loss, if only, by God's grace, you may lay hold upon this. The just shall live by faith, and he shall make the discovery that God deserves his faith and his confidence

The trials of life—what are they but so many ministering angels, waiting upon the steps of God's saints to convey them heavenward warning them that this is not the place of their rest, taking us by the hand, and leading us, ever higher and higher, until we reach that land where trials are no longer required, in order to bring us near to the person of our God? What about the long, weary discipline of toil But supposing I have faith in God, I find that toil itself, however severe, becomes another minister to my spirit. By my very toil I learn the power of self-control and I gain and exercise those faculties with which I am to glorify God hereafter, when I stand before him in that high world. I am quite sure that more manly by the exertion of that which, without faith, would be only a miserable weariness Thank God for toil! It becomes in me the blessed curse of labor

The day is coming when this brief scene which we call life shall be slipping away from us. The time is not very far distant when somebody else will sit in our office, and another head will regulate your commercial transactions, and another person will make money out of that trade which you have been carrying on so well You, my dear dear brethren, have scarcely found time to think about your soul perhaps, scarcely found time to attempt to commune with your God perhaps, scarcely found time to look to myself whether you have got a soul You will have to find time to die on a sick bed, and you will have to find time to die Think of that moment when the visions of this world shall grow dim and unsubstantial and seem to melt away from your dying eye Think of that moment when the busy sounds of the New York streets die upon your dulling ear, and sobbing friends by your death bed shall be unable to reach with their fast duty that passing spirit of yours Think of that step into the unknown Are you ready for it? The just shall live by faith and the just shall die in faith Death had no error for the man who has committed himself into the everlasting arms of love He steps forward boldly into the unknown, without misgiving, and with out fear He knows that Whosoever else is there, his Lord is there to meet him, and, having trusted him in life he can trust him in death Having trusted him for time, he leaves himself in his hands for all eternity O men and brethren, you do not know what you lose when you lose the life of faith

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST

WASHINGTON

The ship Harry Willard is loading Franklin coal for Portland at Seattle

Squak slough has been frozen over so that its navigation by steamer will be impossible until the weather moderates.

The annual election of officers of the Seattle board of trade was held Thursday night, resulting as follows President, G B Adair first vice-president, J B Lounsbury second vice president, J A Hattie treasurer, J Barth secretary, W H Pumphrey directors, Bailey Gatzert A B Stewart E W Wall, C H Bellingham H S Algar, W R Forrest and H E Levy The board subsequently passed a resolution urging Gov Squire to veto the local option law

Whatcom Reveille The charred remains of John Spileen, an old gent eman who lived alone in the woods eight miles northwest of this city, was found in the burned ruins of his cabin on last Thursday morning The heavy wind that prevailed on Wednesday night had blown down several large fir trees that had been left near the cabin Two of these fell on the building, and it is supposed that a fire was burning in the house at the time, the embers from which had set fire to the building The fire had so completely consumed the building and the body of Spileen that it was impossible to determine as to whether the unfortunate man had been killed outright by the crashing trees or had been imprisoned by the flames and subsequently perished in the flames

OREGON

Andrew Beckard, one of the earliest pioneers of Umatilla county, died at Albany Tuesday night, aged 72 years.

W T Rader, of Corvallis, fell from a horse last Monday, and one of his legs was broken below the ankle and knee

A few men of means are contemplating building a large number of cottages on the ocean beach at Yaquina, says the Corvallis *Gazette*

A postoffice has been established at Yaquina City and is a great accommodation to the people of that place, who have been forced heretofore to receive their mail through the Oneatta and Newport offices Virgil Watters is postmaster

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Mails now run weekly between Farwell and Shalwaup.

A new grist mill has been built at the Okanagan mission

Victoria Chinese merchants have undertaken to feed 400 of their imported countrymen during the next two months To do this they have already given $1,500 in money and 10 mats of rice

Parties from Granite Creek report matters comparatively quiet. Miners mostly in town—all expecting a big yield in the spring. Store business and packing going on as usual It is expected that a weekly mail will be established to that place from either Lytton or Quilchena to Farwell a distance of 70 miles, the mail is now carried on pack ponies

MONTANA

A Circle of Knights of Pythias has been organized at Butte City.

The theatre *Comique* is the latest addition to the growing opera of Montana.

The assessment roll of Deer Lodge county shows a total valuation of $4,389,811

In view of the recent destructive fires the Butte City council has established a fire patrol

During the past six months the Northern Pacific company took 4,000 acres of land in Montana

An informal meeting of stockmen, held in Helena recently, put the percentage of loss of cattle during the winter at 300,000 of 18% in population of cattle

The Montana Copper company at Butte have closed down their smelter and will cease work for one of their mines, owing to the low price of copper

Great Falls *Tribune* A man named Wilbur Whipar was run over and almost instantly killed by a wagon loaded with lumber at the sawmill, in Prickly Pear canyon, on Wednesday of last week The wagon ran across his breast, crushing and mangling it in a horrible manner

The best regulator of digestive organs and the best appetizer known is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Try it but beware of imitations. Get from your grocer or druggist the genuine article, manufactured by Dr J. C. Ayer & Sons.

COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY, Jan 23

To-day's weather is such as to promise early communication with the eastern section and a warm rain throughout the valley is fast melting the snow Track is day is more active than since the first days of the week yet is quiet enough Produce arrivals are on a small scale No wheat side trains in to day and three days accumulation of freight left this morning Freight destined for this city is in small offering and the delays nearly of little consequence On change matter are quiet and no samples displayed The members find little to do and the tables support a sleeping mate deaf to the present holder than at all samples

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past twenty four hours 488 ctls wheat, 300 bbls flour 1482 ctls oats 60 ctls mill stuff 5 sk potatoes 2288 lbs hides 3 sks calf 7 sks butter 20 bas fruit

BREADSTUFFS—Wheat values rather higher and rather more active in the market but little still to some extent weak Iron asks 45 cts for orders which are evidently above the views of the buyers The price is made up of 35 to as loaded in ships loading and 4513 tons iron disengaged On wharf there is a total of 138 tons listed

WHEAT—Both New York and Chicago fell off at 1 o'clock yesterday at Chicago is attributed by a private dispatch to the presence of more buyers and a better request from southern millers San Francisco shows no positive change, but is better to day Moreover this stiffness in per cent advance must without effect on this side Public sales by the staff rings of Indian and other wheat show a material reduction and that large holders are not offering It is yet early to anticipate the effect of it send Indian offerings The present situation may be only temporary and a new harvest is close at hand British stocks are not greatly reduced nor is the quantity afloat low enough to frighten the trade Any upward tendency abroad, no matter how slight cannot but cause American holders to hang back They have not yet made up their minds that their wheat can be let alone Now No 1 and Chicago are to-day 2 cts above lowest price of the season changes in the past three weeks being rapid They advance is small when compared with the heavy drop in the past few months but it is cheering nevertheless Pacific coast wheats would probably only share benefit from a rise now than would any other quality A cargo of Walla Walla lately arrived on it from Liverpool sold at 48 6d which figure is reported to have been a fair return to the shipper. The only wheat doubtless now at the very weakest point lately passed Through it there is really nothing yet manifest that would justify improvement Finally and the future is just as likely to bring weakness as it is to bring strength Here receipts are light sellers offering little except at prices than one week ago and buyers are in no need To buy promptly there is little doubt but at 75 and 80 cts would have to be paid, yet quotations are generally given by those in the trade at 75@76 less 3 cents being required at these lower figures we seem a good reason for an actually lower portland and there is little use in quoting at all for by buyers and sellers are idle

FLOUR—Receipts light but stocks are such as to supply the light demands and the market shows no change

MILLSTUFF—Orders are now filled with little difficulty supplies being limited Feeding running on smaller quantities Values are consequently strong and unchanged Quote jobbing values bran $17@18 chop $20 shorts, $19@20 mid dlings $18@20

OATS—Receipts include two cars (for shipment by reason of a steadily good shipping market a better opportunity or speculation and light receipts, the market is improving. Last sales in car lots choice to extra choice feed at 30@31c in car lot For good to fair is quoted

POTATOES—Receipts light but are expected to soon increase San Francisco telegraphs firm market at prices that will induce freer shipping We quote 20@40c

ONIONS—Quiet with only a local call which is supplied at 1@1½c

HAY—Receipts have ruled light for several days stocks have been drawn upon but there is no advance quoted

APPLES—Market irregular choice only meet sale with ready sale and they at 60@65c Few inferior being offered and them only for local needs Common quite freely offered at 40@50c

PROVISIONS—Meats are in free stock and values are generally neglected Bacon is being shaded in some directions and to bring over eye must be choice We quote jobbing prices for ordinary parcels City cured hams, 10@11c bacon 12@13c shoulders 6@7c not city cured generally 9c Choice breakfast hams choice, 10@11c breakfast bacon 12@13c Best eastern canned hams 12c common lard in large packages 6c

DRIED FRUITS—Very wet and prices remain as long quoted

EMPORIUM FRUITS—Oranges, Riverside 3.50 per box common mixed at navel 1 50 Lemons sell at $4 50 and $5 00

DUTIES—Specified on California fruits by last steamer slightly The San Francisco market being lower This must affect local grades if continued At present the local duty stands at 1½c with cents in light

EGGS—Receipts in excess of demands and while offers are asked less would be accepted from large buyers A decline to 25c with next week is known the probabilities

CHICKENS—Receipts not large but supply is kept strictly up to less limit at this until the weather is

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK Jan 23—Government were dull and heavy to day. There was no walking out for stocks first prices showing losses ranging between ¼ and ¾ The movement during the first hour was somewhat irregular slight dividends being made in some cases followed by a weak feeling during which loss ranged from ¼ to 1 Later there was a slight upward movement, and in the afternoon a renewed weakness which continued until the close All sales of the day were made at the opening, or within the first hour and the lowest quotations at or near the close

Quite a number of diverse topics both the financial and general reports had the government is thought likely to substitute purchases to cover part of the subsidy paid to the Pacific Mail by the railroads Its to further weakness in that stock as the effect will be to cause Chinese to be employed with the closing figures of a week ago are generally quoted as important and relatively divided dividends and declines

MONEY BONDS AND STOCKS

NEW YORK Jan 23—Money easy at 1@2 Prime paper 4@5 Exchange quiet and unchanged

Government steady United loaned at 89¾

BONDS

6s	104	4½s	112½
4s	121½	Pacific 6s	122
	4½s 88		
American	16	Northwestern	110
Can Pacific	54½	N Y Central	109
Canada Southern	54½	Or Navigation	100
Central Pacific	43	Transcontinental	
Burlington	94½	improvement	25
Chicago	113¾	Pacific Mail	49½
Del Lack & W	135	Panama	128
Erie	29½	Rock Island	124
Kan & Texas	28½	St Paul	100
Lake Shore	83½	Texas Pacific	15
Louisville & Nashville	36½	Union Pacific	49
Michigan Central	98½	United States	68
Northern Pacific	25½	Fargo	111
N P Preferred	58	Western Union	79

MINING STOCKS

NEW YORK Jan 23 The *Mail and Express* says Mining shares were dull Transactions were: Ontario 11 Red Elephant 4 Bulwer 15 Hecla 170 Sutro 18 Caledonia Black Hills 9 Little Chief 1 Mono 4

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORTED

Hale & Norcross	80	Gould & Curry	30
Savage	30	Ophir	90
Sierra Nevada	40	Belcher	30
Bullion	1	Con Cal & Va	95
Crown Point	60	Con Imperial	1
Justice	1	Con New York	1
Alta	1	Exchequer	1
Belcher	1	Hale & Norcross	80

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS

SAN FRANCISCO Jan 23 Wheat Buyers will pay 1 60 cts for choice milling 1 55 for good milling, 1 50 for ordinary milling Seller 1 65 for choice, 1 60 for good milling, 1 55 for ordinary milling Wheat for shipment to Liverpool by Way Dover Ship Jimmy Pacific Union Ship Jas Pattison Ship Hesperus Ship Oakland Ship Ocean Queen Ship Ocean Rover Ship Ocean Telegraph Ship Ocean Wave Ship Oneida Ship Oriental Ship Pacific Ship Parthenia Ship Pathfinder Ship Peter Iredale Ship Pleiades Ship Prussian Ship Queen of the Seas Ship Queen of the Fleet Ship Rainbow Ship Reaper Ship Red Jacket Ship Relief Ship Resolute Ship Rhone Ship Robert Lewers Ship Robert Sudden Ship Roscoe Ship Sea Witch Ship Shandon Ship Sierra Nevada Ship Sovereign of the Seas Ship Speculation Ship Star of Alaska Ship Star of Empire Ship Star of India Ship Star of the West Ship Stephen Whitney Ship Success Ship Surprise Ship Tacoma Ship Tam O'Shanter Ship Thomas Pope Ship Three Brothers Ship Three Bells Ship Three Sisters Ship Titania Ship Tropic Bird Ship Undine Ship Uncle Sam Ship Vanderbilt Ship Vidette Ship Viking Ship Wandering Jew Ship Wandering Minstrel Ship Wandering Princess Ship Wandering Saint Ship Wandering Star Ship Wandering Steamer Ship Wandering Sunbeam Ship Wandering Wave Ship Wandering Whale Ship Wandering Wind Ship Wandering Wizard Ship Wandering Witch Ship Wandering Wonder Ship Wandering Zephyr Ship Warrior Ship Water Witch Ship Wave Crest Ship Wave Queen Ship Wave Rider Ship Wave Witch Ship Wild Duck Ship Wild Rover Ship Wild Wave Ship Wild Wind Ship Wild Wood Ship Wind Rover Ship Wind Witch Ship Wing and Wing Ship Winged Arrow Ship Winged Racer Ship Winged Runner Ship Winged Wave Ship Winged Wind Ship Winged Witch Ship Wizard Ship Wizard Wave Ship Wizard Wind Ship Wizard Witch Ship Wizard Wonder Ship Wizard Zephyr Ship Wonder Ship Wonder Wave Ship Wonder Wind Ship Wonder Witch Ship Wonder Wizard Ship Wonder Wonder Ship Wonder Zephyr Ship Zephyr Ship Zephyr Wave Ship Zephyr Wind Ship 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